

THE HARVARD CLUB OF PHILADELPHIA

Joining & Serving on Boards

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Introduction & Disclaimer

Howard Brod Brownstein, JD/MBA '75

- President, The Brownstein Corp. M&A, Turnaround Management, Fiduciary Services
- Director, P&F Industries (Nasdaq: PFIN), Merakey, NACD Philadelphia Chapter
- Former director of numerous public and private companies, as well as large nonprofits
- Author of over 100 articles and textbook chapters

Nothing in today's presentation should be considered to be legal advice. If you have a legal question about a board role or anything else, I will be happy to refer you to an attorney who is expert in that area.



What We Will Cover Today

- Corporate Governance
- The Board's Role
- Why Pursue Board Roles?
- What Board Service Entails
- Pursuing Board Roles
- Board Entry



What is "Corporate Governance"?

- Corporations are created by state law as "fictitious persons", with certain rights similar to natural persons.
- "The business of the corporation shall be managed by a board of directors, who, as a group, are fiduciaries for the shareholders, as a group."
- Fiduciaries are subject to duties of care and loyalty.
- The board hires and appoints the officers on behalf of the company and oversees their performance, engages the outside auditors, approves M&A, and oversees risk management, strategy, etc.



The Corporate Governance Environment

- Corporate governance has been increasing in importance since the 1970's, and especially since Enron and then the Great Recession.
- Trend is away from "check-the-box" rubber-stamp governance, towards board governance as a strategic asset.
- Regarding board composition, increasingly boards create a "skills matrix", listing what skills they need vs. what skills are already present. There is a strong push for gender and racial diversity, both by regulation and stakeholder demand.
- There is growing demand that companies consider more than just their profits and their enterprise value, and take into account environmental, social and governance considerations (ESG)



Why pursue board roles?

- Build leadership and teamworking skills
- Enhance career both while at your current job and post-job (Board search requires a long runway, so begin early!)
- Increase knowledge of corporate governance, legal and regulatory requirements, etc.
- Increase/improve contacts
- Marketing of professional services (but avoid conflicts!)
- "Giving back to the community" (nonprofits)
- Economic rewards



What does board service entail? - I

- Oversight of management, but not direct management
 "Noses in, fingers out!"
- Focus on oversight of risk management, executive performance and compensation, and corporate strategy.
- Board members have no authority except as a board, unless it votes to delegate defined authority to someone
- Accountable/reportable to shareholders (or state attorney general for nonprofits)
- Movement toward "stakeholder governance" & ESG
- Commitment of time, presence and attention level of activity can ebb and flow
- Fiduciary duties under applicable state law, and liability for failure to fulfill them => potential reputational and financial risk. D&O insurance is important but not a cure-all



What does board service entail? - II

Public company board service

- Regulated by SEC, state laws, stock exchanges (plus industry regulation)
- Cycle of K's, Q's and proxies
- Blackout nontrading periods
- Restricted stock
- Increased financial and reputational risk =>
 D&O insurance and risk management
- Shareholder Activism





<u>Paradox</u>

Board membership is something you cannot do until you've done it.

So, how do you get started?



Prepare yourself mentally

SIMPLE ≠ EASY





Take a long-term view

- Pursuing board roles can take a long time 1 2 years? => Get started early!
- Matching your skills and interests with an organization and its board's needs is "a process, not an event"
- There's often a natural progression: nonprofits => for-profit private companies => publicly-traded companies
- Always be looking!



Preparing For Your Board Search - I

- Do an "inventory" of your potential value to a board:
 - Knowledge and experience
 - Leadership ability/interest
 - Audit/Tax/IT/Other?
 - Industry knowledge/familiarity
 - Interest in certain causes/community issues (for nonprofits)
- For nonprofit boards, there may be a "give-or-get" requirement => identify your budget



Preparing For Your Board Search - II

- Create a "Board CV" and Bio
 - Intended for boards to read, not employers
 - Typical format is bullet-points at top
 - Get proof-reading, preferably from someone knowledgeable, e.g., board recruiter, Nom/Gov chair
- Build your knowledge of corporate governance
 - NACD
 NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CORPORATE DIRECTORS
 - Drexel Center for Corporate Governance
 - LaSalle Nonprofit Center
 - Stanford, others





- Largest membership organization dedicated to board leadership (~25,000 members)
- National Programs on Director Professionalism => Board Fellowship Program, Certification & CPE
- Chapters in most major U.S. cities
- NACD Members must be currently serving board members: publicly-held, privately-owned, nonprofit
- Nonmembers may only attend up to 2 programs
- Full Board Members
- Mentioned in public company proxy materials



Preparing For Your Board Search - III

- Create board-oriented versions of cover letter/email tailored to types of contacts: colleagues, friends, clients
- Use social media: LinkedIn, Facebook, etc.
 - LinkedIn is widely used and the go-to place to learn about someone – hone your profile!
- Role of executive recruiting firms



Network systematically!

- Your colleagues and peers at other firms.
- Current and past clients
- C-suite officers whom you know
- Identify your networks: work, professional organizations, clubs, alumni, etc.
- Recruiters
- Have your "elevator speech" ready!



The Board Interview

- Prepare well learn all you can about the company or organization (for public companies there's a wealth of information)
- Be prepared to state what you will add and why it will be valuable
- If you get past the initial interview, try to meet the board leaders, C-level executives, etc.



Board Entry

- Before you join, have the D&O insurance checked by someone other than the incumbent broker
- Prepare an onboarding process appropriate for the company/organization – this may be spread over several months, and you may have to take the lead
- If possible, visit major operations and meet all senior executives
- Subscribe to industry publications, analyst reports or otherwise have a plan for staying informed (e.g., "SeekingAlpha")



Additional Information

NACD Philadelphia Chapter

https://philadelphia.nacdonline.org/

NACD Membership Brochure

https://nacdonline.org/files/NACD_Membership_Brochure_.pdf

Drexel Center for Corporate Governance

https://www.lebow.drexel.edu/faculty-and-research/centers/corporate-governance

LaSalle Nonprofit Center

https://www.lasallenonprofitcenter.org/



Questions & (hopefully) Answers

Thank you!